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Independent Auditor's Review Report on Consolidated Unaudited Quarterly Financial Results and Year to Date Results of GMR Airports Infrastructure Limited (formerly known as 'GMR Infrastructure Limited') pursuant to the Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (as amended)

To the Board of Directors of GMR Airports Infrastructure Limited (formerly known as 'GMR Infrastructure Limited')

- 1. We have reviewed the accompanying statement of consolidated unaudited financial results ('the Statement') of GMR Airports Infrastructure Limited (formerly known as GMR Infrastructure Limited and herein referred to as 'the Holding Company') and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as 'the Group'), its associates and joint ventures (refer Annexure 1 for the list of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures included in the Statement) for the quarter ended 31 December 2022 and the consolidated year to date results for the period 01 April 2022 to 31 December 2022, being submitted by the Holding Company pursuant to the requirements of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (as amended) ('Listing Regulations').
- 2. This Statement, which is the responsibility of the Holding Company's management and approved by the Holding Company's Board of Directors, has been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting ('Ind AS 34'), prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'), and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and is in compliance with the presentation and disclosure requirements of Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Statement based on our review.
- 3. We conducted our review of the Statement in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act, and consequently, does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

We also performed procedures in accordance with the SEBI Circular CIR/CFD/CMD1/44/2019 dated 29 March 2019 issued by the SEBI under Regulation 33 (8) of the Listing Regulation, to the extent applicable.

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Offices in Bengaluru, Chandigarh, Chennai, Gurugram, Hyderabad, Kochi, Kolkata, Mumbai, New Delhi, Noida and Purk



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- 4. Based on our review conducted and procedures performed as stated in paragraph 3 above and upon consideration of the review reports of the other auditors referred to in paragraph 7 below, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying Statement, prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Ind AS 34, prescribed under section 133 of the Act, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, has not disclosed the information required to be disclosed in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (as amended), including the manner in which it is to be disclosed, or that it contains any material misstatement.
- 5. We draw attention to
 - a. Note 5(a) and 5(b) to the accompanying Statement, which describes the uncertainty relating to the outcome of litigation pertaining to the costs related to procurement of security equipment, construction of residential quarters for Central Industrial Security Force deployed at the Rajiv Gandhi International Airport, Hyderabad and other costs which have been adjusted from the PSF (SC) Fund upto 31 March 2018, pending final decision from the Hon'ble High Court of Telangana and the consequential instructions from the Ministry of Civil Aviation. Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.

The above matter has also been reported as an emphasis of matter in the review report dated 20 January 2023 issued by us along with other joint auditor on the standalone financial results for the quarter and nine-month period ended 31 December 2022 of GMR Hyderabad International Airport Limited, a subsidiary of the Holding Company.

b. Note 3(b) to the accompanying Statement, in relation to ongoing litigation/arbitration proceedings between the subsidiary Company, Delhi International Airport Limited ('DIAL') and Airport Authority of India (AAI) in respect of Monthly Annual Fee (MAF) for the period 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2022 for which DIAL has sought to be excused from making payment to AAI as triggered from a force majeure event, which could have a significant impact on the accompanying Statement, if the potential exposure were to materialize. The outcome of such litigation/arbitration proceedings is currently uncertain and basis internal assessment and legal opinion, pending final outcome of the litigation, the management is of the view that no further adjustments are required to be made to the accompanying Statement for the aforesaid matter. Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.

The above matter in relation to ongoing litigation has also been reported as an emphasis of matter in the review report dated 14 February 2023 issued by us along with other Joint auditor on the standalone financial results for the quarter and nine-month period ended 31 December 2022 of DIAL, a subsidiary of the Holding Company.

- 6. We have jointly reviewed with another auditor, the interim financial results and other financial information of 2 subsidiaries included in the Statement, whose financial results reflects (before adjustments for consolidation) total revenues (including other income) of Rs. 1,489.29 crore and Rs. 4,096.19 crore, total loss after tax of Rs. 56.97 crore and Rs. 113.59 crore, and total comprehensive income/(loss) of Rs. (64.60) crore and Rs. (769.08) crore, for the quarter and nine-month period ended 31 December 2022, respectively, as considered in the Statement. For the purpose of our conclusion on the consolidated financial results, we have relied upon the work of such other auditor, to the extent of work performed by them.
- 7. We did not review the interim financial results of 18 subsidiaries included in the Statement, whose financial information reflect (before adjustments for consolidation) total revenues of Rs. 565.98 crore and Rs. 1,716.69 crore, total net profit after tax of Rs. 539.95 crore and total net loss after tax Rs. 132.52 crore, total comprehensive income/(loss) of Rs. 27.54 crore and Rs. (1,252.19) crore, for the quarter and ninemonth period ended 31 December 2022, respectively, as considered in the Statement. The Statement also includes the Group's share of net loss after tax of Rs. 45.68 crore and Rs. 82.88 crore and total comprehensive income/(loss) of Rs. (45.67) crore and Rs. (82.88) crore, for the quarter and nine-month period ended 31 December 2022, as considered in the Statement, in respect of 1 associate and 9 joint ventures (including 4 joint ventures consolidated for the quarter and nine-month period ended 30 September

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2022, with a quarter lag), whose interim financial results have not been reviewed by us. These interim financial results have been reviewed by other auditors whose review reports have been furnished to us by the management, and our conclusion in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries/associates/ joint ventures is based solely on the review reports of such other auditors and the procedures performed by us as stated in paragraph 4 above.

Further, of these subsidiaries, associate and joint ventures, 4 joint ventures, are located outside India, whose interim financial results have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries and which have been reviewed by other auditors under generally accepted auditing standards applicable in their respective countries. The Holding Company's management has converted the financial results of such joint ventures from accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries to accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have reviewed these conversion adjustments made by the Holding Company's management. Our conclusion, in so far as it relates to the balances and affairs of these joint ventures is based on the review report of other auditors and the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Holding Company and reviewed by us.

Our conclusion is not modified in respect of these matters with respect to our reliance on the work done by and the reports of the other auditors.

The Statement includes the interim financial results of 5 subsidiaries (including 5 subsidiaries consolidated 8. for the quarter and nine-month period ended 30 September 2022, with a quarter lag), which have not been reviewed/ audited by their auditors, whose interim financial results reflect (before adjustments for consolidation) total revenues of Rs. 20.69 crore and Rs. 30.68 crore, total loss after tax of Rs. 645.95 crore and Rs. 788.39 crore, and total comprehensive income/(loss) of Rs. (694.71) crore and (Rs. 875.06) crore for the quarter and nine-month period ended 31 December 2022, respectively, as considered in the Statement. The Statement also includes the Group's share of net loss after tax of Rs. 4.69 crore and Rs. 4.53 crore, and total comprehensive income/(loss) of Rs. (4.69) crore and Rs. (4.53) crore, for the guarter and nine-month period ended on 31 December 2022, respectively, in respect of 1 associate and 2 joint ventures (including 2 joint ventures consolidated for the guarter and nine-month period ended 30 September 2022, with a quarter lag), based on their interim financial results, which have not been reviewed/ audited by their auditors, and have been furnished to us by the Holding Company's management. Our conclusion on the Statement, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, associate, and joint ventures, are based solely on such unaudited/ unreviewed interim financial results. According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, these interim financial results are not material to the Group.

Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter with respect to our reliance on the financial results certified by the Board of Directors.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 001076N/N500013

Neeraj Sharma

Partner Membership No. 502103 UDIN: 23502103 BG WYJC4812

Place: New Delhi Date: 14 February 2023

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Annexure 1

List of entities included in the Statement

S No	Holding Company						
1	GMR Airports Infrastructure Limited (Formerly known as GMR Infrastructure Limited)						
S No	Subsidiary	S No	Subsidiary				
1	GMR Airports Limited	14	GMR Airports Greece Single Member SA				
2	GMR Hyderabad International Airport Limited	15	GMR Kannur Duty Free Services Limited				
3	GMR Hyderabad Aerotropolis Limited	16	GMR Hyderabad Airports Assets Limited				
4	GMR Hyderabad Aviation SEZ Limited	GMR Nagpur International Airport Limited					
5	GMR Hospitality and Retail Ltd	18	GMR Vishakhapatnam International Airport Limited				
6	GMR Air Cargo and Aerospace Engineering Limited	19	GMR Airport Netherland BV (Incorporated or 17 December 2021)				
7	GMR Airport Developers Limited	20	GMR Airport (Mauritius) Ltd				
8	GMR Aero Technic Limited	21	Raxa Security Services Limited				
9	Delhi International Airport Limited	22	GMR Business Process and Services Private Limited				
10	Delhi Airport Parking Services Pvt. Ltd.	23	GMR Infra Developers Limited				
11	GMR Goa International Airports Limited	24	GMR Corporate Affairs Limited				
12	GMR International Airport BV		GMR Hospitality Limited (Incorporated on 25 July 2022)				
13	GMR Airports (Singapore) Pte Ltd						

S No	Joint Ventures	S No	Joint Ventures			
1	Laqshya Hyderabad Airport Media Private Limited		GMR Megawide Cebu Airport Corporation			
2	ESR GMR Logistics Park Private Limited (formerly known as GMR Logistics Park Private Limited)		Mactan Travel Retail Group Co			
3	Delhi Aviation Services Private Limited		SSP- Mactan Cebu Corporation			
4	Delhi Aviation Fuel Facility Private Limited		International Airport of Heraklion Crete SA			
5	Delhi Duty Free Services Private Limited		Megawide GMR Construction JV			
6	GMR Bajoli Holi Hydropower Private Limited	12	PT Angkasa Pura Avias (Acquired on 23 December 2021)			

SNO	Associates	S No	Associates
1	TIM Delhi Airport Advertisement Private Limited	3	Travel Food Services (Delhi T3) Private Limited
2	Celebi Delhi Cargo Terminal Management India Private Limited	4	Digi Yatra Foundation



	(formerly kr Corpotate Identity Registered Plot No. C Bar	Airports Infrastructure town as GMR Infrastru Number (CIN) L45203 Office 7th Floor 701, N -31, G Block, Bandra Ku ndra (East), Mumbar - 40	cture Limited) MH1996PLC281138 Jaman Centre, rla Complex, 0 051			
		22-42028000 Fax +91 æginigroup in Website				
Statement of cor	solidated financial resul			1 31 December 2022		
	-			r		(Rs. in crore)
Particulars	31 December 2022	Quarter ended 30 September 2022	31 December 2021	Nine mo 31 December 2022	nth ended 31 December 2021	Year ended 31 March 2022
T ATTICITATS	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
A. Continuing operations	·					
1. Income a) Revenue from operations	1,766 36	1,588 45	1,364 13	4,798 78	3,31712	4,600 72
b) Other income	1,700.50	1,569,45	1,50415	4,776 78	3,31712	4,000 72
i) Foreign exchange fluctuations gain (net)	36 30	76.00	1 48	213.66	34 68	81 92
i) Other income - others	124 53	87 71	72.23	308 30	220.40	276 52
Total income	1.927.19	1.752.16	1.437.84	5,320.74	3.572.20	4.959.16
3 5						
 2. Expenses a) Revenue share paid/ payable to concessionaire grantors (refer note 3(b)) 	513 70	462 23	43,83	1,389.61	203 43	224 02
b) Cost of materials consumed	21 15	25 21	17 02	73 19	65 63	92 57
	1	0.00000000		121 80	14 96	92 57 52.37
c) Purchase of traded goods	33 33	54 53	10.01			
d) (Increase)/ decrease in stock in trade	(4.81)	(37 05)	318	(59 40)	9 58	4 61
e) Sub-contracting expenses	14.62	13 89	62 07	33 47	78.54	116 25
f) Employee benefit expenses	238 65	241 84	204 98	702 79	562,92	755 12
g) Finance costs	591 23	561 43	524 01	1,669 76	1,490,86	2,018 66
h) Depreciation and amortisation expenses	267 07	254 73	214 43	740.85	629 56	889 40
i) Other expenses	419 77	355.06	307 57	1,106,15	813.64	1.253 21
Total expenses	2.094.71	1.931.87	1.387.10	5,778.22	3.869.12	5,406.21
3. (Loss)/ profit before share of profit of investments accounted for using equity method, exceptional items and tax from continuing operations (1) - (2)	(167.52)	(179.71)	50.74	(457.48)	(296.92)	(447.05)
4 Share of profit of investments accounted for using equity method	2 10	14.23	16.58	39 56	28 76	70 70
5. (Loss)/ profit before exceptional items and tax from continuing operations (3) + (4)	(165.42)	(165.48)	67.32	(417.92)	(268.16)	(376.35)
6 Exceptional items (refer note 6)	292 52	-	14	292 52	(325 16)	(388 26)
7. Profit/ (loss) before tax from continuing operations (5) + (6)	127.10	(165.48)	67.32	(125.40)	(593.32)	(764.61)
8 Tax expense/ (credit) on continuing operations (net)	22 28	29 54	8 92	77 79	30 04	(12 30)
9. Profit/ (loss) after tax from continuing operations (7) - (8)	104.82	(195.02)	58.40	(203,19)	(623.36)	(752.31)
 B. Discontinued operations 10. Loss before tax expense from discontinued operations 	a		(563,54)		(318,33)	(318.33)
11 Tax expense on discontinued operations (net)		545	10 20	(0)	60 75	60 75
12. Loss after tax from discontinued operations (10) - (11)		a)	(573.74)	41	(379.08)	(379.08)
 13. Profit/ (loss) after tax for the respective periods (9) + (12) 	104.82	(195.02)	(515.34)	(203.19)	(1,002.44)	(1,131.39)
14. Other comprehensive income (net of tax) Continuing operations Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Discontinued operations Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(57.25) (0.55)	(472 32) (3.87)	(122 37) (2 75) (6 93) (0 17)	(894 78) (1 96)	(125 52) (4 02) 17 57 (0 57)	(47) 29) (1 80) 17 57 (0 57)
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax for the respective periods	(57,81)	(476.19)	(132.22)	(896.74)	(112.54)	(456.09)
15. Total comprehensive income for the respective periods (13) + (14)	47,01	(671.21)	(647.56)	(1.099.93)	(1,114.98)	(1.587.48)







						(Rs. in crore
	Quarter ended			Nine month ended		Year ended
Particulars	31 December 2022	30 September 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2022	31 December 2021	31 March 2022
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
Profit attributable to						
a) Owners of the Company	191 36	207 83	(626 30)	262 21	(882.01)	(1,023 29
b) Non controlling interest	(86 54)	(402 85)	110 96	(465 40)	(120.43)	(108 1)
Other comprehensive income attributable to						
a) Owners of the Company	(28.57)	(199 41)	(59.43)	(41116)	(59 44)	(203 66
b) Non controlling interest	(29 24)	(276 78)	(72.79)	(485 58)	(53 10)	(252.4)
Total comprehensive income attributable to						
a) Owners of the Company	162 79	8 42	(685 73)	(148 95)	(941 45)	(1,226 8
b) Non controlling interest	(115 78)	(679 63)	38 17	(950 98)	(173 53)	(360 5
Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of						
a) Continuing operations	162 79	8.42	(166.76)	(148 95)	(672 7)	(957 6
b) Discontinued operations	2.		(518 97)		(269 28)	(269 28
16. Paid-up equity share capital	603.59	603.59	603.59	603.59	603.59	603.5
(Face value - Re per share)						
17. Total equity (excluding equity share capital)						1,314.5
18. Earnings per share						
Continuing operations - (Rs.) (not annualised)						
Basic	0,32	0 34	(0 13)	0 43	(0.74)	(0 98
Diluted	0.28	0 30	(0.13)	0 40	(0 74)	(0 98
Discontinued operations - (Rs.) (not annualised)						
Basic	÷		(0.91)	(i)	(0 72)	(0 7)
Diluted			(0.91)	(A)	(0.72)	(0 7
Total operations - (Rs.) (not annualised)						
Basic	0 32	0 34	(1 04)	0 43	(1 46)	(1 70
Diluted	0.28	0 30	(104)	0.40	(1 46)	(1.70





1. Consolidation and Segment Reporting

- a. GMR Airports Infrastructure Limited (formerly known as GMR Infrastructure Limited) ('the Company', 'the Holding Company' or 'GIL') carries on its business through various subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates (hereinafter referred to as 'the Group'), being special purpose vehicles exclusively formed to build and operate various projects. Also pursuant to a Scheme of Arrangement (Demerger Scheme) approved by NCLT vide its Order pronounced on 22 December 2021, and coming into effect from 1 April 2021, the Company has demerged its Non-Airport Business and has retained its Airports Business. With the aforementioned Demerger coming into effect, the Company predominantly holds investment in the Airport Business. To reflect the characteristic of being an Airport holding company, the shareholders of the Company had vide special resolution passed on 27 August 2022 approved the proposal for change of name of the Company. The name of the Company was changed from GMR Infrastructure Limited to GMR Airports Infrastructure Limited with effect from 15 September 2022 after receipt of fresh certificate of incorporation from RoC, Mumbai.
- b. Pursuant to the composite scheme of amalgamation and arrangement for amalgamation as detailed in note 2 the business activities of the Group fall within single business segment in terms of Ind-AS 108 'Operating Segment'.
- c. Investors can view the results of the Company on the Company's website www.gmrgroup.in or on the websites of BSE (www.bseindia.com) or NSE (www.nse-india.com).
- 2. Pursuant to the composite scheme of amalgamation and arrangement for amalgamation of GMR Power Infra Limited (GPIL) with the Company and demerger of EPC business and Urban Infrastructure Business of the Company (including Energy Business) into GMR Power and Urban Infra Limited (GPUIL) ("Scheme") approved by the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai bench ("Tribunal") vide its order dated 22 December 2021 (formal order received on 24 December 2021). The said Tribunal order was filed with the Registrar of Companies by the Company, GPIL and GPUIL on 31 December 2021 thereby making the Scheme effective and accounting the same from effective date. Accordingly, assets and liabilities of the EPC business and Urban Infrastructure Business (including Energy business) as approved by the Board of Directors pursuant to the Scheme stand transferred and vested into GPUIL on 1 April 2021, being the Appointed date as per the Scheme. The consolidated financial results of the Group do not have any impact of the Composite Scheme, however as per the applicable Ind AS, the EPC business and Urban Infrastructure Business (including Energy business) has been classified as Discontinued operations for these consolidated financial results in the respective period/ year. The breakup of the EPC business and Urban Infrastructure Business (including Energy business) as per the applicable Ind AS which were earlier classified as reportable segment in the Company is now disclosed as discontinued operations for the comparative period for the quarter and nine month period ended 31 December 2021 and year to date 31 March 2022 is as under:





GMR Airports Infrastructure Limited

(formerly known as GMR Infrastructure Limited)

Notes to the consolidated financial results for the quarter and nine month period ended 31 December 2022

			Rs in crore
Particulars	Quarter ended	Nine months ended	Year ended
Farticulars	31 December 2021	31 December 2021	31 March 2022
i) Total income	1,006.93	3,012.52	3,012.52
- Power	542.88	1,561.07	1,561.07
- Roads	137.43	391.58	391.58
- EPC	270.22	851.44	851.44
- Others	56.40	208.43	208.43
ii) Total expenses	1,162.58	3,572.83	3,572.83
- Power	564.73	1,645.61	1,645.61
- Roads	195.76	584.92	584.92
- EPC	304.76	848.12	848.12
- Others	97.33	494.18	494.18
iii) Loss before exceptional	(155.65)	(560.31)	(560.31)
items and tax			
- Power	(21.85)	(84.54)	(84.54)
- Roads	(58.33)	(193.34)	(193.34)
- EPC	(34.54)	3.32	3.32
- Others	(40.93)	(285.75)	(285.75)
iv) Share of (loss)/ profit from	(43.89)	68.98	68.98
investments using equity	(,		
method			
- Power	(44.07)	68.74	68.74
- Roads	-	-	
- EPC	0.18	0.24	0.24
- Others	-	-	
v) Exceptional items	(2(4.00)	172.00	173.00
(expenses)/ income	(364.00)	173.00	175.00
- Power	(64.00)	473.00	473.00
- Roads			9
- EPC	2	-	
- Others	(300.00)	(300.00)	(300.00)
vi) Loss before tax	(563.54)	(318.33)	(318.33
	(129.92)	457.20	457.20
- Power			
- Roads	(58.33)	(193.34)	(193.34)
- EPC	(34.36)	3.56	3.56
- Others	(340.93)	(585.75)	(585.75
vii) Tax expenses	10.20	60.75	60.75
- Power	13.02	58.93	58.93
- Roads	1.70	6.06	6.00
- EPC			100.0 10
- Others	(4.52)	(4.24)	(4.24
- Outers	(4.52)	(7.27)	(r.24)





GMR Airports Infrastructure Limited

(formerly known as GMR Infrastructure Limited)

Notes to the consolidated financial results for the quarter and nine month period ended 31 December 2022

Particulars	Quarter ended 31 December 2021	Nine months ended 31 December 2021	Year ended 31 March 2022	
viii) Loss for the period	(573.74)	(379.08)	(379.08)	
- Power	(142.94)	398.27	398.27	
- Roads	(60.03)	(199.40)	(199.40)	
- EPC	(34.36)	3.56	3.56	
- Others	(336.40)	(581.51)	(581.51)	

3. (a) DIAL has entered into development agreements ("Development Agreements") with five developers collectively referred as Bharti Reality SPV's ("Developers") on 28 March 2019 ("Effective date") granting the Developers the right during the term for developing 4.89 million square feet commercial space from the Effective Date subject to the receipt of applicable permits. As per the terms of Development Agreements, DIAL was entitled to receive interest free refundable security deposit ("RSD"), advance development cost ("ADC") and the annual lease rent ("ALR") in certain manner and at certain times as stated in the respective Development Agreements.

With respect to the receipt of applicable permits, the approval of Concept Master Plan ("CMP") was received from Delhi Urban Art Commission (DUAC) in March 2021. Thereafter, a sudden surge in Covid-19 cases emerged in India affecting the entire economy. Accordingly, DIAL was not in a position to effectuate the transaction and seek payment of ALR, balance amount of RSD and ADC from the Developers until August 2021.

On 27 August 2021, basis the CMP, DIAL has entered into certain modifications with respect to area and date of commencement of lease rental for the three Developers. As per amended agreements, lease rentals have started with effect from 1 September 2021 for modified area of 2.73 million square feet (approx.).

Accordingly, considering the above and the amendment with three Developers as Lease Modification, lease receivables (including unbilled revenue) of Rs. 678.04 crore accrued until August 2021 shall be adjusted to balance lease period, in accordance with recognition and measurement principles under Ind AS 116 "Leases". Consequently, DIAL has also carried forward the provision of annual fee to AAI of Rs. 211.35 crore corresponding to straight lining adjustments of Ind AS 116 which will get adjusted in future in line with Lease receivables.

In respect of Development agreements with two Developers for balance area of 2.16 million square feet (approx..), the asset area will be identified by DIAL not later than 28 February 2023, as per mutual understanding vide agreement dated 27 August 2021. Accordingly, all payments will be due basis the handover of asset area. Pending identification of asset area and effectiveness of lease, DIAL has reversed the lease receivables (including unbilled revenue) of Rs. 462.33 crore pertaining to these two developers recognized earlier until August 2021 in accordance with recognition and measurement principles under Ind AS 116 "Leases". Further, DIAL has also reversed the provision of annual fee to AAI of Rs. 144.11 crore corresponding to the straight lining adjustments of Ind AS 116





recognized earlier until August 2021. Further, DIAL has also made the required adjustments of RSD as per Ind AS 109, reversing the discounting impact amounting to Rs. 6.94 crore in consolidated financial results. The net amount of Rs. 325.16 crore is disclosed as an "Exceptional item" in the consolidated financial results of the Group during nine month period ended 31 December 2021 and the year ended 31 March 2022.

(b) DIAL issued various communications to Airports Authority of India ("AAI") from the month of March 2020 onwards inter-alia under Article 16 (Force Majeure) and informed AAI that consequent to the outbreak of Covid-19 pandemic, the entire aviation industry, particularly the Indira Gandhi International ("IGI") Airport has been adversely affected. It was specifically communicated that the said crisis has materially and adversely affected the business of DIAL which in turn has directly impacted the performance of DIAL's obligations under the Operations Management and Development Agreement ("OMDA") (including obligation to pay Annual Fee/Monthly Annual Fee) while DIAL is continuing to perform its obligation to operate, maintain and manage the IGI Airport. DIAL thereby invoked Force Majeure post outbreak of COVID-19 "A Pandemic" as provided under Article 16 of OMDA and claimed that it would not be in a position to perform its obligation to prepare Business Plan and pay Annual Fee/ Monthly Annual fee to AAI. The said event(s) of Force Majeure had also been admitted by AAI in its communication to DIAL. Consequently, DIAL is entitled to suspend or excuse the performance of its said obligations to pay Annual Fee/Monthly Annual Fee as notified to AAI. However, AAI has not agreed to such entitlement of DIAL under OMDA. This has resulted in dispute between DIAL & AAI and for the settlement of which, DIAL has invoked on 18 September 2020 dispute resolution mechanism in terms of Article 15 of OMDA. Further, on 2 December 2020, DIAL again requested AAI to direct the ICICI Bank (Escrow Bank) to not to transfer the amounts from Proceeds Accounts to AAI Fee Account, seeking similar treatment as granted by Hon'ble High Court of Delhi to Mumbai International Airport Limited.

In the absence of response from AAI, DIAL approached Delhi High Court seeking certain interim reliefs by filing a petition under section 9 of Arbitration & Conciliation Act on 5 December 2020 due to the occurrence of Force Majeure event post outbreak of COVID 19 and its consequential impact on business of DIAL, against AAI and ICICI Bank (Escrow Bank). The Hon'ble High Court of Delhi vide its order dated 5 January 2021 has granted ad-interim reliefs with following directions:

- The ICICI Bank is directed to transfer back, into the Proceeds Account, any amount which may have been transferred from the Proceeds Account to the AAI Fee Account, after 9 December 2020,
- Transfer of moneys from the Proceeds Account to the AAI Fee Account, pending further orders, shall stand stayed and DIAL can use money in Proceeds Account to meet its operational expenses.

Meanwhile with the nomination of arbitrators by DIAL and AAI and appointment of presiding arbitrator, the arbitration tribunal has been constituted on 13 January 2021. After the completion of pleadings, filing of witness affidavits and conclusion of their cross examination on 20 October 2022, the matter is now listed for arguments in February 2023 and March 2023.





Before DIAL's above referred Section 9 petition could be finally disposed off, AAI has preferred an appeal against the ad-interim order dated 5 January 2021 under section 37 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 before division bench of Hon'ble High Court of Delhi, which is listed for consideration and arguments.

In compliance with the ad-interim order dated 5 January 2021, AAI had not issued any certificate or instructions to the Escrow Bank from 9 December 2020 onwards regarding the amount of AAI Fee payable by DIAL to AAI, as contemplated under the Escrow Agreement and the OMDA. Resultantly both pursuant to the ad-interim order of Hon'ble Delhi High Court and in the absence of any certificate or instruction from AAI, the Escrow Bank has not transferred any amount pertaining to AAI Fee from Proceeds Account to AAI Fee Account of the Escrow Account from 9 December 2020 onwards.

Basis the legal opinion obtained, DIAL is entitled to not to pay the Monthly Annual fee under article 11.1.2 of OMDA to AAI being an obligation it is not in a position to perform or render on account of occurrence of Force Majeure Event, in terms of the provisions of Article 16.1 of OMDA till such time DIAL achieves level of activity prevailing before occurrence of Force majeure. Further, DIAL had also sought relief for refund of MAF of an amount of Rs. 465.77 crore appropriated by AAI for the period starting from 19 March 2020 till December 2020.

In view of the above, the management of DIAL had not provided the Monthly Annual Fee to AAI for the period 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2022 amounting to Rs. 1,758.28 crore.

As AAI had already appropriated the Monthly Annual Fee amounting to Rs. 446.21 crore from 1 April 2020 till 9 December 2020, which DIAL had already protested. The same had been shown as Advance to AAI paid under protest. However, since the recovery of this amount is sub-judice before the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi and the arbitral tribunal, as a matter of prudence, DIAL had created a provision against above advance and shown the same in other expenses during financial year ended 31 March 2021.

As an interim arrangement the Parties (DIAL and AAI) by mutual consent and without prejudice to their rights and contentions in the dispute before the arbitral tribunal, have entered into a settlement agreement dated 25 April 2022, for the payment of Annual Fee/ Monthly Annual Fee (AF/MAF) with effect from April 2022, prospectively. Accordingly, DIAL is paying the MAF to AAI w.e.f. 1 April 2022 onwards as per approved Business Plan.

Consequent to this interim arrangement, both DIAL and AAI have filed copy of the settlement agreement in their respective petition and appeal before Hon'ble High Court of Delhi and have withdrawn the pending proceedings. This arrangement is entirely without prejudice to the rights and contentions of the parties in respect of their respective claims and counter claims in the pending arbitration proceedings, including the disputes in respect of payment/ non-payment of MAF from 19 March 2020 onwards, till such time as provided in Article 16.1.5 (c) of OMDA.





4. (a) In case of GMR Hyderabad International Airport Limited ('GHIAL'), a subsidiary of the Company, had filed an appeal, challenging the disallowance of pre-control period losses and foreign exchange loss on external commercial borrowings, classification of revenues from ground handling, cargo and fuel farm as aeronautical revenues and other issues for determination of aeronautical tariff for the First Control Period ("FCP") commencing from 1 April 2011 to 31 March 2016 by Airport Economic Regulatory Authority ('AERA'). The Adjudicating Authority, Telecom Disputes Settlement Appellate Tribunal (TDSAT), in its disposal order dated 6 March 2020 has directed AERA to reconsider the issues afresh while determining the aeronautical tariff for the Third Control Period commencing ("TCP") from 1 April 2021.

In relation to determination of tariff for the Second Control Period ("SCP"), commencing from 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2021, AERA had issued a consultation paper on 19 December 2017. However, as the aforesaid consultation paper does not address the issues arising out of the FCP, including true up for shortfall of receipt visa-vis entitlement for the FCP, GHIAL had filed a writ petition and obtained a stay order from the Hon'ble High Court at Hyderabad in the month of February 2018 in respect of further proceedings in determination of tariff order for the SCP.

During the month of August 2021, AERA has issued Tariff Order ("the Order") effective from 01 October 2021 for the Third Control Period commencing from 01 April 2021 to 31 March 2026. GHIAL in the month of September 2021, has filed an appeal against the Order with TDSAT, as the GHIAL's management is of the view that AERA has not considered the outstanding issues of FCP and SCP in determination of aeronautical tariff for the TCP as directed by TDSAT vide its ordered dated 06 March 2020.

(b) In case of DIAL, AERA has issued tariff order no 57/2020-21 for third control period ("CP3") starting from 1 April 2019 to 31 March 2024 on 30 December 2020 allowing DIAL to continue with BAC+10% tariff for the balance period of third control period. AERA has also allowed compensatory tariff in lieu of Fuel Throughput Charges w.e.f. 1 February 2021 for the balance period of third control period. DIAL had also filed an appeal against some of AERA's decision in third control period order on 29 January 2021 with TDSAT.

DIAL's appeal against the second control period ("CP2") is pending before the TDSAT and the same is still to be heard which shall be heard in due course. Also, DIAL in respect of TDSAT order against first Control period appeal dated 23 April 2018 has filed a limited appeal in the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India on 21 July 2018 respect of which judgement pronounced on 11 July 2022, citing that all appeals are dismissed, except on the issue relating to corporate tax pertaining to aeronautical services, where DIAL's contention has been accepted that the Annual Fee paid by DIAL should not be deducted from expenses pertaining to aeronautical services before calculating the 'T' (tax) element in the formula.





TDSAT at the request of AERA and concurred by DIAL, has agreed to tag CP2 appeal with CP3 appeal. The matter is being sub judice at TDSAT.

5. (a) The Ministry of Civil Aviation (MoCA) had issued orders in 2014, requiring the Airport Operators to reverse the expenditure incurred from PSF (SC) Fund towards (a) procurement and maintenance of security systems/equipment; (b) construction of other long lived assets (refer note (b) below) along with interest till date of reversal. GHIAL had utilised approximately Rs. 142.00 crore towards the above expenses, excluding related maintenance expense, other costs and interest thereon till 31 March 2018 which is presently unascertainable. Management is of the opinion that the utilisation of funds from PSF(SC) escrow account is consistent with the Standard Operating Procedures ('SOPs'), guidelines and clarification issued by the MoCA from time to time on the subject of utilization of PSF (SC) funds.

As the above order, in management's opinion, is contrary to and inconsistent with SOPs, guidelines and clarification issued by the MoCA from time to time in this regard, GHIAL had challenged the said order before the Hon'ble High court of Andhra Pradesh. The Hon'ble High Court, vide its order dated 3 March 2014 followed by further clarifications dated 28 April 2014 and 24 December 2014, stayed the MoCA order with an undertaking that, in the event the decision of the writ petition goes against GHIAL it shall restore the PSF (SC) Fund to this extent.

Based on the internal assessments, GHIAL's management is of the view that no further adjustments are required to be made, in this regard to the accompanying consolidated financial results of the Group for the quarter and nine month period ended 31 December 2022.

(b) As per the advice from the Ministry of Home Affairs and the SOPs issued by MoCA on 6 March 2002, GHIAL, through its erstwhile wholly owned subsidiary, Hyderabad Airport Security Services Limited ('HASSL') constructed residential quarters for Central Industrial Security Forces ('CISF') deployed at the Hyderabad airport. After completion of such construction, the total construction cost including the cost of land and related finance cost amounting to Rs. 113.73 crore was debited to the PSF (SC) Fund with corresponding intimation to MoCA. The Comptroller and Auditor General of India ('CAG'), during their audits of PSF (SC) Fund, observed that, GHIAL had not obtained prior approval from MoCA for incurring such cost from the PSF (SC) Fund as required by the guidelines dated 8 January 2010 and 16 April 2010 issued by MoCA. However, management of the Group is of the opinion that these guidelines were issued subsequent to the construction of the said residential quarters and approached MoCA for approval to debit such costs to the PSF (SC) Fund account. Further, GHIAL requested MoCA to advice the AERA for considering the cost of land/ construction and other related costs with regard to the aforesaid residential quarters in determination of Aeronautical Tariff for the Hyderabad airport. Pending final instruction from MoCA, cost of residential quarters continued to be accounted in the PSF (SC) Fund and no adjustments have been made to the accompanying consolidated financial results of the Group for the quarter and nine month period ended 31 December 2022.





- 6. Exceptional items comprise of the impairment of investment in joint venture, reversal of lease receivables as mentioned in note 3(a), gain on carrying value of investments and fair value of financials assets as mentioned in note no 7.
- 7. During the quarter ended 30 September 2022, GMR Airports International BV (GAIBV), a step down subsidiary of the Company, has entered into definitive agreements with Aboitiz InfraCapital Inc (AIC), for AIC to acquire shares in GMR-Megawide Cebu Airport Corporation (GMCAC) along with identified associates. During the current quarter , upon completion of all customary approvals, GAIBV has received cash consideration of PHP 9.4 billion (including exchangeable notes which as per the agreements are exchangeable against GAIBV's balance equity in GMCAC on October 31, 2024). Further, GAIBV is also entitled for additional deferred consideration based on subsequent yearly performance of GMCAC for next four consecutive years beginning from January 2023. Consequent to closure of 1st tranche transaction and receipt of consideration towards stake sale of non-lock share of GMCAC, the Group has recognized gain of Rs 143.39 crore and Rs 195.86 crore towards fair value gain of deferred consideration. The same has been disclosed in exceptional item..

The balance investment in GMCAC will continue to be classified as Investment accounted for using equity method.

- 8. The unaudited standalone financial results of the Company for the nine months period ended 31 December 2022 reflected an excess of current liabilities over current assets of Rs. 319.08 crore and losses from continuing operations after tax amounting to Rs. 46.35 crore. The management is of the view that this is situational in nature since the net worth of the Company is positive and management has taken various initiatives to further strengthen its short-term liquidity position including raising finances from financial institutions and strategic investors and other strategic initiatives. Such initiatives will enable the Company to meet its financial obligations, improve net current assets and its cash flows in an orderly manner.
- 9. The accompanying consolidated financial results of the Group for the quarter and nine month period ended 31 December 2022 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by Board of Directors in their meeting held on 14 February 2023. The Statutory Auditors have carried out a limited review of the consolidated financial results for the quarter and nine month ended 31 December 2022.





10. Figures pertaining to previous quarters/ period/ year have been re-grouped / reclassified, wherever necessary, to confirm to the classification adopted in the current period classification.

For GMR Airports Infrastructure Limited

Grandhi Kiran Kumar Managing Director & CEO DIN: 00061669

Place: Singapore Date: 14 February 2023



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